New Estate and Gift Taxes on the Way?

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In recent years, only the wealthiest families in the United States have paid federal estate tax. Currently, the tax is levied only on the portion of an estate's value that exceeds \$11.7 million (\$23.4 million for a married couple).

The "For the 99.5% Act" proposed March 25, 2021 by Senator Bernie Sanders could change this – with significant consequences for estates valued at more than \$3.5 million.

The Sensible Taxation and Equity Promotion (STEP) Act announced March 29, 2021 by Senator Chris Von Hollen could treat death as a tax realization event - capital gains tax would be due on inherited assets with **unrealized gains of over \$1 million**.

While this is just a kick-off for conversations in Congress it does start the clock on planning before year-end to take advantage of the current law before it changes.

We strongly recommend that you contact your Porzio attorney to review your current estate plan – and strategies to minimize taxes – before any changes to the estate and gift tax are enacted.

Summary of Proposed Changes

The proposed legislation:

- Exempts the first \$3.5 million of an individual's estate from the estate tax. Under the legislation the federal estate tax would affect estates of more than \$3.5 million (\$7 million for married couples).
- Establishes a new estate tax rate structure as follows:
 - 45 percent of the value of an estate between \$3.5 million and \$10 million
 - 50 percent of the value of an estate between \$10 million and \$50 million
 - 55 percent of the value of an estate between \$50 million and \$1 billion
 - 65 percent of the value of an estate in excess of \$1 billion
- Limits lifetime gifting. There would be a \$1 million cap on lifetime gifts and a limit per donor of annual exemption gifts to trusts to be \$30,000.
- Makes death or a gift a capital gains event. Capital gains taxes would be due upon death or a gift of assets with appreciation in excess of \$1 million.



- Includes "Grantor Trusts" in a grantor's taxable estate. For any trusts where the grantor is the income taxpayer, those trusts would be included in the grantor's taxable estate.
- Ends tax breaks for dynasty trusts. The new legislation would strengthen the "generation-skipping tax," by terminating "Dynasty Trusts" after 50 years.
- Makes grantor-retained-annuity trusts (GRATs) less effective. The legislation proposes to prohibit grantor-retainedannuity trusts (GRATs) for a term under 10 years and mandates a minimum gift of 25%.
- Eliminates Valuation Discounts. If a person owns a partial interest in a business no valuation discounts could be used for passive assets or when the family owns the balance of the business.

The good news:

- These are proposed changes for debate, not law.
- Changes are proposed to be effective January 1, 2022 and most current planning will be grandfathered.
- There is an opportunity to act now before any changes are made to maximize the wealth passing to your family and align prior planning with any new laws.

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